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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/791,801	03/04/2004	Yuji Nagatomo	027065-041	5224	
21839 7:	590 07/08/2005		EXAM	EXAMINER	
BUCHANAN INGERSOLL PC			COHEN,	COHEN, AMY R	
(INCLUDING BURNS, DOANE, SWECKER & MATHIS) POST OFFICE BOX 1404		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
ALEXANDRIA, VA 22313-1404			2859		
			DATE MAILED: 07/08/2005		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	10/791,801	NAGATOMO ET AL.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Amy R. Cohen	2859					
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL' THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period of Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status		·					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on							
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL. 2b) ☑ This	action is non-final.						
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the ments is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims							
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-20 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-20 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	wn from consideration.						
Application Papers							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine		<u>-</u>					
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>04 March 2004</u> is/are:							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct		•					
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
a) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prio application from the International Burear * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati nty documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage					
Attachment(s) 1) ☑ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) ☑ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 3/4/04;4/23/04.	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Do 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:						

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Objections

1. Claims 2, 3, 7, 8 are objected to because of the following informalities:

Regarding the aspect ratio in claims 2 and 3 and the primary particle diameter in claims 7 and 8, it is unclear from the claim language, the specification, and the drawings which diameter of the acicular particles Applicant is describing. Since acicular particles are needle shaped, they taper to a tip. It is unclear which part of the acicular particles Applicant would be measuring from to find an aspect ratio and a primary particle diameter.

Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ikegawa et al. (U. S. Patent No. 5,652,649) in view of Eichorst et al. (U. S. Patent No. 5,731,119).
- Claims 1-15: Ikegawa discloses a contact charger comprising a contact charging brush (20A) having brush fibers for charging and auxiliary charging particles (Col 6, lines 34-50).

Ikegawa et al. discloses the contact charger wherein the brush fibers of said charging brush have a thickness from 1 denier to 10 deniers (Col 18, lines 1-9).

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Ikegawa et al. discloses the contact charger wherein a filling density of brush fibers of said charging brush is in the range from 120 pcs/mm² to 10,000 pcs/mm² (Col 3, lines 61-65, Col 20, lines 1-49).

Ikegawa et al. discloses the contact charger wherein the brush fibers of said charging brush have a volume resistivity from 1 x 10^1 Ω cm to 1 x 10^8 Ω cm (Col 11, lines 39-42, Col 18, lines 1-9, Col 33, lines 5-16).

Ikegawa et al. discloses the contact charger wherein said charging brush has a roller form, and the brush fibers of the brush roller were subjected to a hair-inclining processing to incline the brush fibers toward upstream in a rotating direction of the brush roller (Col 7, lines 15-40, Col 11, lines 11-47).

Ikegawa et al. does not disclose the contact charger wherein the auxiliary charging particles have acicular forms.

Eichorst et al. discloses a contact charger wherein the auxiliary charging particles have acicular forms (Col 5, lines 39-48).

Eichorst et al. discloses the contact charger wherein an aspect ratio of said auxiliary charging particles is in a range from 2 to 10,000 (Col 5, lines 39-48, Col 9, lines 30-43).

Eichorst et al. discloses the contact charger wherein an aspect ratio of said auxiliary charging particles is in a range from 10 to 200 (Col 5, lines 39-48, Col 9, lines 30-43).

Eichorst et al. discloses the contact charger wherein a primary particle diameter of said auxiliary charging particles is in a range from 0.05 μ m to 5 μ m (Col 9, lines 30-43, Col 10, lines 7-54).

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Eichorst et al. discloses the contact charger wherein a primary particle diameter of said auxiliary charging particles is in a range from 0.1 μ m to 5 μ m (Col 9, lines 30-43, Col 10, lines 7-54).

Eichorst et al. discloses the contact charger wherein said auxiliary charging particles exhibit an average adhesion amount from 0.3 mg/cm³ to 20 mg/cm³ in a space filled with said brush fibers (Col 14, lines 38-67).

Eichorst et al. discloses the contact charger wherein said auxiliary charging particles have a volume resistivity not exceeding $1 \times 10^{10} \Omega cm$ (Col 9, lines 44-57, Col 13, lines 21-24).

Eichorst et al. discloses the contact charger wherein said auxiliary charging particles have a volume resistivity from $1 \times 10^{-4} \Omega \text{cm}$ to $1 \times 10^{10} \Omega \text{cm}$ (Col 9, lines 44-57, Col 13, lines 21-24).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the contact charger of Ikegawa et al. to include specifically acicular auxiliary charging particles, as taught by Eichorst et al., in order to further improve the electrically conductive layers, which are cost effective, resistant to the effects of humidity change, and which are durable and abrasion-resistant (Eichorst et al., Col 5, lines 7-35).

Regarding claims 4-7: Ikagawa et al. and Eichorst et al. disclose a contact charger wherein the brush fibers have a thickness from 1 denier to 10 deniers (Ikagawa et al., Col 18, lines 1-9) and wherein the auxiliary charging particles have length less than 0.5 μ m, .015 μ m (Eichorst et al., Col 9, lines 30-43, Col 10, lines 14-19), therefore a length (L) of a long axis of said auxiliary charging particles and a thickness (T) of each of said fibers of said charging brush would satisfy the relationship $L^2/T \le 200$; $L^2/T \le 50$; and $L^2/T \ge 0.001$.

Claims 16-20: Ikagawa et al. discloses an image forming apparatus (P1) for forming an image in an electrophotographic manner, comprising: a contact charger (2A) including a charging brush (20A) having brush fibers for charging, and auxiliary charging particles (Col 6, lines 34-50); a photosensitive member (1A) to be charged by said contact charger; an exposing device (3A) performing image exposure on said photosensitive member to form an electrostatic latent image; and a developing device (4A) developing the electrostatic latent image on said photosensitive member (Col 5, lines 37-58).

Ikagawa et al. discloses the image forming apparatus wherein said charging brush has a roller form, and is arranged to be driven to rotate in such manner that a surface of the brush roller moves counter a moving direction of a surface of the photosensitive member with an absolute value $|\theta|$ of relative peripheral speed ratio of the brush roller with respect to the photosensitive member satisfying a relationship of $1 \le |\theta| < 5$ (Col 3, lines 40-65, Col 21, line 64).

Ikagawa et al. discloses the image forming apparatus wherein said charging brush has a roller form, and is arranged to be driven to rotate in such manner that a surface of the brush roller moves counter a moving direction of a surface of the photosensitive member with an absolute value $|\theta|$ of relative peripheral speed ratio of the brush roller with respect to the photosensitive member satisfying a relationship of $1.5 \le |\theta| < 5$ (Col 3, lines 40-65, Col 21, line 64).

Ikagawa et al. discloses the image forming apparatus wherein a push-in amount of the charging brush of said contact charger with respect to the photosensitive member is in a range from 0.1 mm to 2.0 mm (Col 18, lines 1-9, Col 34, lines 5-7).

Ikagawa et al. discloses the image forming apparatus wherein said charging brush has a roller form, and the brush fibers of the brush roller were subjected to a hair- inclining processing

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to incline the brush fibers toward upstream in a rotating direction of the brush roller (Col 12, lines 20-67).

Ikegawa et al. does not disclose the contact charger wherein the auxiliary charging particles have acicular forms.

Eichorst et al. discloses a contact charger wherein the auxiliary charging particles have acicular forms (Col 5, lines 39-48).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the contact charger of Ikegawa et al. to include specifically acicular auxiliary charging particles, as taught by Eichorst et al., in order to further improve the electrically conductive layers, which are cost effective, resistant to the effects of humidity change, and which are durable and abrasion-resistant (Eichorst et al., Col 5, lines 7-35).

Conclusion

4. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. The following application and patents disclose image forming apparatus Nagatomo et al. (U. S. PGPUB 2005/0069345), Ariizumi et al. (U. S. Patent No. 6,728,504), Nagase et al. (U. S. Patent No. 6,081,681), Yoshida et al. (U. S. Patent No. 5,455,661), Takama et al. (U. S. Patent No. 5,305,061), Asano et al. (U. S. Patent No. 5,289,234), Asano et al. (U. S. Patent No. 5,241,342), Asano et al. (U. S. Patent No. 5,225,878), and Edwards et al. (U. S. Patent No. 4,099,186).

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5. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Amy R. Cohen whose telephone number is (571) 272-2238. The

examiner can normally be reached on 8 am - 5 pm, M-F.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Diego F. Gutierrez can be reached on (571) 272-2245. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

ARC July 6, 2005

> Christopher Fulton Primary Examiner Tech Center 2800

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